

# KENTON SCHOOL LEARNING JOURNEY – Sociology



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
<b>Year 12</b>	<b>Sociological Theories</b>  The study of key theories in sociology including Functionalism, Marxism, Feminism and Postmodernism. Each theory has a different view on how society should be organised and what the issues are within it.	<b>Sociological Methods</b>  The study of how sociologists carry out research into different parts of society including scientific processes in the planning of research, methods themselves e.g. interviews, experiments, and how research findings can be applied to the real world.	<b>Education with Methods in Context</b>  The study of sociological explanations of and approaches to education including how the education system is/should be organised, whether certain groups of students have an advantage over others in terms of achievement and how government policies impact education.			
			<b>Families and Households</b>  The study of sociological explanations of the family, including different types of family, changes in familial roles and structures over time and the nature of childhood. This unit also includes theoretical views of the family and what the purpose of the family is and should be.			
<b>Year 13</b>	<b>Theory and Methods</b>  Further study of key theories in sociology in more depth and at a higher-level including issues such as sociology as a science and new, higher-level theories such as Late Modernism and Social Action Theories	<b>Crime and Deviance</b>  The study of sociological explanations of crime and deviance within society including patterns of crime and victimisation by social class, ethnicity and gender, changes in crime trends over time, different types of crime and how crime can be controlled.		<b>Media</b>  The study of the impact of traditional and newer forms of media on society, including social media, the relationship between ownership and control of the media and the ways different groups are represented within it.		